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issued by the sanitary inspector for that purpose, the contents of such privy vault or cesspool shall be cleaned to the bottom.

Sec. 7. No person shall throw into or deposit in any privy vault, sink, or cesspool any offal, ashes, meat, fish, garbage, or any other substance whatever except that of which such place is the appropriate receptacle.

SEC. 8. Whenever the use of any privy vault or cesspool is discontinued, such privy vault or cesspool shall be cleaned to the bottom and filled up with earth or other

suitable material to be designated by the sanitary inspector.

SEC. 9. All scavengers engaged in cleaning privy vaults or cesspools shall obtain from the sanitary inspector a permit for doing same in each and every case, said permit to designate the place where work is to be done, which permit shall be carried by the person or party doing said work, and when said work has been completed the permit for doing same shall be returned to the board of health office within two days.

Sec. 10. All ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting herewith are hereby

Sec. 11. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than \$10 nor more than \$50. [Ordinance adopted January 5, 1910.]

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

MEAT INSPECTION AND ABATTOIRS.

Section 1. That section 1 of ordinance No. 14351 (new series), entitled "An ordinance regulating slaughterhouses, the slaughtering of animals for food, and the sale of meats," approved March 19, 1907, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as

to read as follows:
"Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to sell, have, keep, or expose for sale for human food, or to have in possession, the flesh of any cattle, calves, sheep, swine, or goats unless the same shall have been slaughtered in an official establishment under the supervision of a United States Government inspector, in accordance with the regulations relating to the inspection of meat as prescribed by the Department of Agriculture of the United States, or under the supervision of the health commissioner or a meat inspector of the city of Los Angeles, in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance." [Ordinance adopted June 23, 1911.]

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ABATTOIRS-REGULATION OF.

Section 1. Every person, firm, or corporation owning, leasing, or occupying any building or place in the city of Pittsburgh where any cattle or swine have been or hereafter shall be killed or dressed shall cause such buildings, places, and their yards and appurtenances to be thoroughly cleansed and purified and all offal, blood, fat, garbage, refuse, or offensive matter to be removed therefrom at least once in every 24

hours after the use thereof for any of the purposes herein referred to.

SEC. 2. Any person or persons who shall fail, neglect, or refuse to comply with, or who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance, shall, upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any police magistrate or alderman in the city of Pittsburgh, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than \$25, and in default of payment thereof to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not more than 30 days.

[Ordinance adopted March 27, 1911.]

ST. PAUL, MINN.

MEAT-SALE OF.

SECTION 1. From and after the passage, approval, and publication of this ordinance it shall be unlawful for any person to deal in or sell at retail at any other place within the limits of the city of St. Paul than the public market fresh or butchers' meat or poultry without having first obtained a license so to do, as hereinafter provided: *Provided*, however, That the foregoing shall not be construed to include pork packers in disposing of offal or trimmings of hogs nor any person disposing of any animals raised or fatted by him or selling fresh meats by the carcass and beef in quantities not less than by the quarter, provided said carcass or beef is from animals raised or fatted by him.

SEC. 2. Any person desiring a license to engage in the business of dealing in or selling at retail fresh or butchers' meat or poultry as in section 1 hereof referred to shall first December 15, 1911 1976

make an application therefor to the common council of the city of St. Paul by filing with the commissioner of health of said city, for presentation by him to the common council, an application in writing therefor, which said application shall set forth with reasonable exactness the name and place of residence of the applicant and the exact location or place at which the applicant proposes to carry on his said business, and shall further state whether or not he has at any time previous to the date thereof been engaged in said business of dealing in or selling at retail fresh or butchers' meat or game or poultry in the city of St. Paul, and if so, when and where; said application shall be signed by the applicant in person, and when received by the commissioner of health shall be by him placed on file and the name of the applicant shall be by him registered in a book of registration, to be kept at the office of the commissioner of health for that purpose: *Provided*, however, That said commissioner of health shall not receive such application or register the name of such applicant unless the application is accompanied by a receipt from the city treasurer provided for in the next following section.

SEC. 3. Before the filing of any application for a license provided for in the next preceding section shall be valid for any purpose, the applicant shall deposit with the city treasurer the sum of \$50, and the city treasurer shall thereupon deliver to such applicant duplicate receipts therefor, containing a statement of the purpose for which such deposit was made, and one of said receipts shall be attached to and filed with

said application.

SEC. 4. The making of such deposit provided for in the next preceding section and the filing of the application accompanied by the receipt, as provided in section 2 hereof, shall authorize the applicant to engage in dealing in, or selling at retail, fresh or butchers' meat, or poultry, until the common council of the city of St. Paul takes action thereon and either issues a license to the applicant or refuses so to do.

SEC. 5. Any such applicant shall permit the officers of the department of health of the city of St. Paul to inspect and examine the place of business, or proposed place of business, named in his application, together with all the appliances and instruments used or to be used therein in the prosecution of his said business, and any refusal upon the part of such applicant to permit such inspection and examination shall be deemed a sufficient ground upon which the common council may refuse to

issue the license by him applied for.

SEC. 6. Upon the filing of any applied tor.

SEC. 6. Upon the filing of any application with the commissioner of health, accompanied by the proper receipt of the city treasurer, as provided in section 2 hereof, said commissioner, by himself or his employees, shall proceed forthwith and without unnecessary delay to inspect the place of business, or proposed place of business, named by the applicant in his application for a license under the terms hereof, and the said commissioner of health shall immediately thereafter and without undue or unnecessary delay present the application and receipt, in section 3 hereof provided for, to the common council of the city of St. Paul, and shall accompany it with a report containing the results of the examination and inspection hereinbefore required, and the common council shall thereupon, after proper investigation, whether from a consideration of such report or from other sources, adjudge and determine such applicants as may be entitled to obtain a license to deal in or to sell at retail fresh or butchers' meat, or poultry, within the corporate limits of the city of St. Paul, and shall thereupon, by resolution, grant the licenses applied for to such applicants as may be, in the opinion of the common council, entitled thereto under the terms and provisions of this ordinance.

SEC. 7. It shall thereupon be the duty of the city clerk to issue to any person to whom such a license has been granted by the common council, as hereinbefore provided, a license of even date with the approval of the resolution by which said license was granted, entitling him to deal in or sell at retail fresh or butchers' meat, or poultry, at the place named in his application therefor, referred to in section 2 hereof, and for a period of one year from the date thereof: *Provided, however*, That if the common council shall refuse to grant such license, the city treasurer shall, upon proper demand, return

said deposit of \$50, taking a receipt therefor.

SEC. 8. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than \$25, nor more than \$100, or by

imprisonment for not less than 20 days, nor more than 90 days.

Sec. 9. That ordinance No. 2159, approved December 21, 1900, entitled "An ordinance relating and licensing butcher shops and butcher stalls and the sale of fresh or butchers' meat and game and poultry," and all other ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 10. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage,

approval, and publication. [Ordinance, adopted Feb. 15, 1910.]